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## THE STORY OF GOD'S MIGHTY ACTS NO. 263

DELIVERED ON SABBATH MORNING, JULY 17, 1859, BY THE REV. C. H. SPURGEON, AT THE MUSIC HALL, ROYAL SURREY GARDENS.

"We have heard with our ears, O God, our fathers have told us, what work You did in their days, in the times of old."

Psalm 44:1.

PERHAPS there are no stories that stick by us as long as those which we hear in our childhood, those tales which are told us by our fathers and in our nurseries. It is a sad reflection that too many of these stories are idle and vain, so that our minds in early infancy are tinctured with fables and inoculated with strange and lying narratives! Now, among the early Christians and the old Believers in the far-off times, nursery tales were far different from what they are now, and the stories with which their children were amused were of a far different class from those which fascinated us in the days of our babyhood. No doubt Abraham would talk to young children about the flood and tell them how the waters overspread the earth and how Noah, alone, was saved in the ark. The ancient Israelites, when they dwelt in their own land, would, all of them, tell their children about the Red Sea and the plagues which God worked in Egypt when He brought His people out of the house of bondage. Among the early Christians we know that it was the custom of parents to recount to their children everything concerning the life of Christ, the acts of the Apostles and the like interesting narratives. Now, among our Puritan ancestors such were the stories that regaled their childhood. Sitting down by the fireside, before those old Dutch tiles with the quaint eccentric drawings upon them of the history of Christ, mothers would teach their children about Jesus walking on the water, or of His multiplying the loaves of bread, or of His marvelous Transfiguration, or of the crucifixion of Jesus. Oh, how I wish that the tales of the present age were like the stories of our childhood—the stories of Christ and that we would, each of us, believe that, after all, there can be nothing as interesting as that which is true—and nothing more striking than those stories which are written in Sacred Writ—nothing that can more truly move the heart of a child than the marvelous works of God which He did in the olden times! It seems that the Psalmist who wrote this most musical ode had heard from his father, handed to him by tradition, the stories of the wondrous things which God had done in his day. And afterwards, this sweet singer in Israel taught it to his children and so was one generation after another led to call God blessed, remembering His mighty acts!

Now, my dear Friends, this morning I intend to recall to your minds some of the wondrous things which God has done in the olden times. My aim and objective will be to excite your minds to seek after the like; that looking back upon what God has done, you may be induced to look forward with the eyes of expectation, hoping that He will again stretch forth His potent hands and His holy arms and repeat those mighty acts He performed in ancient days!

First, I shall speak of the marvelous stories which our fathers have told us, and which we have heard of the olden times. Secondly, I shall mention some disadvantages under which these old stories labor with regard to the effect upon our minds; and then, I shall draw the proper inferences from those marvelous things which we have heard, that the Lord did in the days of yore.

I. To begin, then, with THE WONDERFUL STORIES WE HAVE HEARD OF THE LORD'S ANCIENT DO-INGS.

We have heard that God has at times done very mighty acts. The plain everyday course of the world has been disturbed with wonders at which men have been exceedingly amazed. God has not always permitted His Church to go on climbing by slow degrees to victory, but He has been pleased at times to smite one terrible blow and lay His enemies down upon the earth and bid His children march over their prostrate bodies. Turn back, then, to ancient records and remember what God has done! Will you not remember what He did at the Red Sea, how He smote Egypt and all its chivalry and covered Pharaoh's chariot and horse in the Red Sea? Have you not heard tell how God smote Og, king of Bashan, and Sihon, king of the Amorites, because they withstood the progress of His people? Have you not learned how He

proved that His mercy endures forever, when He slew those great kings and cast the mighty ones down from their thrones? Have you not read, too, how God smote the children of Canaan and drove out the inhabitants thereof and gave the land to His people, to be a possession by lot forever? Have you not heard how, when the hosts of Jabin came against them, the stars in their courses fought against Sisera—the river of Kishon swept them away, "that ancient river, the river Kishon," and there was none of them left? Has it not been told you, too, how by the hand of David, God smote the Philistines and how by His right hand He smote the children of Ammon? Have you not heard how Midian was put to confusion and the myriads of Arabia were scattered by Asa in the day of his faith? And have you not heard, too, how the Lord sent a blast upon the hosts of Sennacherib, so that in the morning they were all dead? Tell—tell you of these, His wonders! Speak of them in your streets! Teach them to your children! Let them not be forgotten, for the right hand of the Lord has done marvelous things—His name is known in all the earth!

The wonders, however, which most concern us, are those of the Christian era; and surely these are not second to those under the Old Testament! Have you never read how God won to Himself great renown on the day of Pentecost? Turn to this Book of the record of the wonders of the Lord and read. Peter the fisherman stood up and preached in the name of the Lord, his God. A multitude assembled and the Spirit of God fell upon them—and it came to pass that 3,000 in one day were pricked in their hearts by the hand of God and believed on the Lord Jesus Christ! And know you not how the 12 Apostles with the disciples went everywhere preaching the Word and the idols fell from their thrones? The cities opened wide their gates and the messengers of Christ walked through the streets and preached! It is true that at first they were driven here and there and hunted like partridges upon the mountains—but do you not remember how the Lord did get unto Himself a victory, so that in a hundred years after the nailing of Christ to the Cross, the Gospel had been preached in every nation and the isles of the sea had heard the sound thereof? And have you forgotten how the heathen were baptized, thousands at a time, in every river? What stream is there in Europe that cannot testify to the majesty of the Gospel? What city is there in the land that cannot tell how God's Truth has triumphed and how the heathen has forsaken his false gods and bowed his knee to Jesus, the Crucified? The first spread of the Gospel is a miracle never to be eclipsed. Whatever God may have done at the Red Sea, He has done still more within a 100 years after the time when Christ first came into the world! It seemed as if a fire from Heaven ran along the ground—nothing could resist its force! The lightning shaft of Truth shivered every pinnacle of the idol temple and Jesus was worshipped from the rising of the sun to the going down of the same!

This is one of the things we have heard of the olden times.

And have you never heard of the mighty things which God did by preachers some hundreds of years from that date? Has it not been told you concerning Chrysostom, the golden-mouthed, how, whenever he preached, the Church was thronged with attentive hearers? And there, standing and lifting up holy hands, he spoke with a majesty unparalleled, the Word of God in truth and righteousness! The people were listening, hanging forward to catch every word and now and then breaking the silence with the clapping of their hands and the stamping of their feet. Then silent again for a while, spell-bound by the mighty orator, and again carried away with enthusiasm, springing to their feet, clapping their hands and shouting for joy again! Numberless were the conversions in his day. God was exceedingly magnified, for sinners were abundantly saved! And have your fathers never told you of the wondrous things that were done afterwards, when the black darkness of superstition covered the earth—when Popery sat upon her throne and stretched her iron rod across the nations and shut the windows of Heaven and guenched the very stars of God and made thick darkness cover the people? Have you never heard how Martin Luther arose and preached the Gospel of the Grace of God and how the nations trembled and the world heard the voice of God and lived? Have you not heard of Zwingli among the Swiss and of Calvin in the city of Geneva and of the mighty works that God did by them? Now, as Britons, have you forgotten the mighty preacher of the Truth of God—have your ears ceased to tingle with the wondrous tale of the preachers who Wickliffe sent forth into every market town and every hamlet of England, preaching the Gospel of God? Oh, does not history tell us that these men were like firebrands in the midst of the dry stubble? That their voice was as the roaring of a lion and their going forth like the springing of a young lion? Their glory was as the firstling of a bullock! They did push the nation before them and as for the enemies, they said, "Destroy them." None could stand before them, for the Lord, their God, had girded them with might!

To come down a little nearer to our own times, truly our fathers have told us the wondrous things which God did in the days of Wesley and of Whitefield. The Churches were all asleep. Irreligion was the rule of the day. The very streets seemed to run with iniquity and the gutters were filled full with the iniquity of sin. Up rose Whitefield and Wesley—men whose hearts the Lord had touched—and they dared to preach the Gospel of the Grace of God! Suddenly, as in a moment, there was heard the rush as of wings and the Church said—"Who are these who fly as a cloud and as the doves to their windows?" They come! They come! Numberless as the birds of Heaven, with a rushing like mighty winds that are not to be withstood. Within a few years, from the preaching of these two men, England was permeated with the evangelical Truth of God! The Word of God was known in every town and there was scarcely a hamlet into which the Methodists had not penetrated—even in those days of the slow coach. Today, while business runs on steam, religion often creeps along with its belly of the earth—we are astonished at these tales and we think them wonders! Yet let us believe them; they come to us as substantial matters of history. And the wondrous things which God did in the olden times, by His Grace, He will yet do again! He who is mighty has done great things and holy is His name.

There is a special feature to which I would call your attention with regard to the works of God in the olden times. They derive increasing interest and wonder from the fact that they were all *sudden* things. The old stagers in our Churches believe that things must grow gently, by degrees. We must go step by step onward—concentrated action and continued labor, they say, will ultimately bring success. But the marvel is, all God's works have been sudden! When Peter stood up to preach, it did not take six weeks to convert the three thousand! They were converted at once and baptized that very day. They were that hour turned to God and become as truly disciples of Christ as they could have been if their conversion had taken seventy years! So was it in the day of Martin Luther—it did not take Luther centuries to break through the thick darkness of Rome. God lit the candle and the candle burned and there was the Light of God in an instant-God works suddenly! If anyone could have stood in Württemberg and have said—"Can Popery be made to quail; can the Vatican be made to shake?" The answer would have been—"No. It will take at least a thousand years to do it. Popery, the great serpent, has so twisted itself about the nations and bound them so fast in its coil, that they cannot be delivered except by a long process." "Not so," however, did God say! He smote the dragon sorely and the nations went free. He cut the gates of brass and broke in sunder the bars of iron and the people were delivered in an hour! Freedom came not in the course of years, but in an instant! The people who walked in darkness saw a great light and even upon them who dwelt in the land of the shadow of death, did the light shine! So was it in Whitefield's day. The rebuking of a slumbering Church was not the work of ages; it was done at once! Have you never heard of the great revival under Whitefield? Take as an instance, that at Camslang. He was preaching in the Church yard to a great congregation who could not get into any edifice. And while preaching, the power of God came upon the people and they, one after another, fell down as if they were smitten; and it was estimated that not less than 3,000 persons were crying out at one time under the conviction of sin! He preached on, now thundering like Boanerges and then comforting like Barnabas and the work spread and no tongue can tell the great things that God did under that one sermon of Whitefield! Not even the sermon of Peter, on the day of Pentecost, was equal to it!

So has it been in all revivals—God's work has been done suddenly—as with a clap of thunder has God descended from on high! Not slowly, but on cherubim right royally does He ride—on the wings of the mighty wind does He fly! Sudden has been the work. Men could scarcely believe it true, it was done in so short a space of time. Witness the great revival which is going on in and around Belfast. After carefully looking at the matter and after seeing some trusty and well-beloved Brothers who lived in that neighborhood, I am convinced, notwithstanding what enemies may say, that it is a genuine work of Grace and that God is doing wonders there! A friend who called to see me yesterday tells me that the lowest and vilest men; the most depraved females in Belfast, have been visited with this extraordinary "epilepsy," as the world calls it; but with this strange rushing of the Spirit, as we have it! Men who have been drunkards have suddenly felt an impulse compelling them to pray. They have resisted. They have sought their cups in order to put it out. But when they have been swearing, seeking to quench the Spirit by their blasphemy, God has at last brought them on their knees and they have been compelled to cry for mercy with piercing shrieks and to agonize in prayer! And then, after a time, the Evil One seems to have been cast out of them and in a quiet, holy, happy frame of mind, they have made a profession of their faith in Christ and have walked in His fear and love!

Roman Catholics have been converted. I thought that an extraordinary thing; but they have been converted very frequently, indeed, in Ballymena and in Belfast. In fact, I am told the priests are now selling small bottles of "holy water" for people to take in order that they may be preserved from this desperate contagion of the Holy Spirit! This "holy water" is said to have such efficacy, that those who do not attend any of the meetings are not likely to be meddled with by the Holy Spirit—so the priests tell them! But if they go to the meetings, even this "holy water" cannot preserve them they are as liable to fall prey to the Divine influence! I think they are just as likely to do so without, as with it! All this has been brought about suddenly and although we may expect to find some portion of natural excitement, yet I am persuaded it is, for the most part real, spiritual and abiding work. There is a little froth on the surface, but there is a deep running current that is not to be resisted, sweeping underneath and carrying everything before it! At least there is something to awaken our interest, when we understand that in the small town of Ballymena on market day, the publicans have always taken one hundred pounds for whiskey and now they cannot take a sovereign all day long in all the public houses! Men who were once drunks now meet for prayer and people, after hearing one sermon, will not go until the minister has preached another and sometimes a third! And at last he is obliged to say—"You must go, I am exhausted!" Then they will break up into groups in their streets and in their houses, crying out to God to let this mighty work spread, that sinners may be converted unto Him. "Well," says one, "we do not believe it!" Very likely you do not, but some of us do, for we have heard it with our ears and our fathers have told us the mighty works that God did in *their* days and we are prepared to believe that God can do the same works now!

I must here remark, again, in all these old stories there is one very plain feature. Whenever God has done a mighty work, it has been by some very insignificant instrument. When He slew Goliath it was by little David, who was but a ruddy youth. Lay not up the sword of Goliath—I always thought that a mistake of David—lay up, not Goliath's sword, but lay up the stone and treasure up the sling in God's armory forever! When God would slay Sisera, it was a woman that must do it with a hammer and a nail. God has done His mightiest works by the meanest instruments—that is a fact most true of all God's works—Peter the fisherman at Pentecost; Luther the humble monk at the Reformation; Whitefield the potboy of the Old Bell Inn at Gloucester in the time of the last century's revival. And so it must be to the end. God works not by Pharaoh's horses or chariot, but He works by Moses' rod! He does not His wonders with the whirlwind and the storm, He does them by the still small voice, that the Glory may be His and the honor all His own. Does not this open a field of encouragement for you and for me? Why may not we be employed in doing some mighty work for God here? Moreover, we have noticed in all these stories of God's mighty works in the olden times, that wherever He has done any great thing it has been by someone who has had very great faith. I do verily believe at this moment that, if God willed it, every soul in this hall would be converted right now. If God chose to put forth the operations of His own mighty Spirit, not the most obdurate heart would be able to stand against it. "He will have mercy upon whom He will have mercy." He will do as He pleases—none can stay His hand! "Well," says one, "but I do not expect to see any great things." Then, my dear Friend, you will not be disappointed, for you will not see them! But those who expect them shall see them! Men of great faith do great things—it was Elijah's faith that slew the priests of Baal. If he had the little heart that some of you have, Baal's priests had still ruled over the people and would never have been smitten with the sword. It was Elijah's faith that bade him say—"If the Lord is God, follow Him, but if Baal, then follow him." And again—"Choose one bullock for yourselves; cut it in pieces; lay it on wood and put no fire under; call you on the name of your gods and I will call on the name of Jehovah." It was his noble faith that bade him say—"Take the Prophets of Baal. Let not one of them escape." And he brought them down to the brook Kishon and slew them there—a holocaust to God! The reason why God's name was so magnified was because Elijah's faith in God was so mighty and heroic!

When the Pope sent his bull to Luther, Luther burned it. Standing up in the midst of the crowd with the blazing paper in his hand he said—"See here, this is the Pope's bull." What cared he for all the Popes that were ever in or out of Hell? And when he went to Worms to meet the grand Diet, his followers said—"You are in danger, stand back." "No," said Luther, "if there were as many devils in Worms as there are tiles on the roofs of the houses, I would not fear. I will go"—and into Worms he went, confident in the Lord his God! It was the same with Whitefield. He believed and he expected that God would do great things. When he went into his pulpit, he believed that God would bless the people and God did do so! Little faith may do little things, but great faith shall be greatly honored! O God! Our fathers have told us this, that whenever they had great faith, You have always honored it by doing mighty works!

I will detain you no longer on this point, except to make one observation. All the mighty works of God have been attended with great prayer, as well as with great faith. Have you ever heard of the commencement of the great American revival? A man unknown and obscure, laid it up in his heart to pray that God would bless his country. After praying and wrestling and making the soul-stirring enquiry—"Lord, what will You have me to do? Lord, what will You have me to do?" he hired a room and put up an announcement that there would be a Prayer Meeting held there at such-and-such an hour of the day. He went at the proper hour and there was not a single person there. He began to pray and prayed for half an hour alone. One came in at the end of the half-hour and then two more and I think he closed with six. The next week came around and there might have been 50 dropped in at different times. At last the Prayer Meeting grew to a hundred; then others began to start Prayer Meetings. At last there was scarcely a street in New York that was without a Prayer Meeting! Merchants found time to run in, in the middle of the day, to pray. The Prayer Meetings became daily ones, lasting for about an hour. Petitions and requests were sent up—these were simply asked and offered before God and the answers came! And many were the happy hearts that stood up and testified that the prayer offered last week had been already fulfilled! Then it was when they were all earnest in prayer, suddenly the Spirit of God fell upon the people and it was rumored that in a certain village a preacher had been preaching in thorough earnest and there had been hundreds converted in a week! The matter spread into and through the Northern States—these revivals of religion became universal and it has been sometimes said that a quarter of a million people were converted to God through the short space of two or three months! Now the same effect was produced in Ballymena and Belfast by the same means—the Brother thought that it lay at his heart to pray and he did. Then he held a regular Prayer Meeting—day after day they met together to entreat the blessing—and fire descended and the work was done! Sinners were converted, not by ones or twos but by hundreds and thousands and the Lord's name was greatly magnified by the progress of His Gospel. Beloved, I am only telling you facts. Make each of you your own estimate of them if you please.

II. Agreeable to my division, I have now to make a few observations upon THE DISADVANTAGES UNDER WHICH THESE OLD STORIES FREQUENTLY LABOR. When people hear about what God used to do, one of the things they say is—"Oh, that was a very long while ago." They imagine that times have changed since then. Says one— "I can believe anything about the Reformation—the largest accounts that can possibly be given, I can take in." "And so could I concerning Whitefield and Wesley," says another, "all that is quite true, they did labor vigorously and successfully—but that was many years ago. Things were in a different state, then, from what they are now." Granted. But I want to know what the things have to do with it. I thought it was God who did it. Has God changed? Is He not an Immutable God, the same vesterday, today and forever? Does not that furnish an argument to prove that what God has done at one time. He can do at another? No, I think I may push it a little further and say what He has done once, is a prophecy of what He intends to do again—that the mighty works which have been accomplished in the olden times shall all be repeated and the Lord's song shall be sung again in Zion and He shall again be greatly glorified! Others among you say, "Oh, well, I look upon these things as great prodigies—miracles. We are not to expect them every day." That is the very reason why we do not get them! If we had learned to expect them, we should no doubt obtain them—but we put them up on the shelf, as being out of the common order of our moderate religion—as being mere curiosities of Scripture history! We imagine such things, however true, to be miracles of Providence. We cannot imagine them to be according to the ordinary working of His mighty power. I beseech you, my Friends, reject that idea; put it out of your mind! Whatever God has done in the way of converting sinners is to be looked upon as a precedent, for "His arms are not shortened that He cannot save, nor is His ears heavy that He cannot hear." If we are straitened at all, we are not straitened in ourselves! Let us with earnestness seek that God would restore to us the faith of the men of old, that we may richly enjoy His Grace as in the days of old!

Yet there is yet another disadvantage under which these old stories labor. The fact is, we have not seen them. Why, I may talk to you ever so long about revivals, but you won't believe them half as much, nor half as truly, as if one were to occur in your very midst. If you saw it with your own eyes, then you would see the power of it. If you had lived in White-field's day, or had heard Grimshaw preach, you would believe anything. Grimshaw would preach 24 times a week—he would preach many times in the course of a sultry day, going from place to place on horseback. That man did preach! It seemed as if Heaven would come down to earth to listen to him! He spoke with a real earnestness, with all the fire of zeal that ever burned in mortal breast and the people trembled while they listened to him and said, "Certainly this is the voice

of God." It was the same with Whitefield. The people would seem to move to and fro while he spoke, even as the harvest field is moved with the wind. So mighty was the energy of God that after hearing such a sermon the hardest-hearted men would go away and say—"There must be something in it; I never heard the like." Can you not realize these as literal facts? Do they stand up in all their brightness before your eyes? Then I think the stories you have heard with your ears should have a true and proper effect upon your lives!

III. This brings me, in the third place, to the PROPER INFERENCES THAT ARE TO BE DRAWN FROM THE OLD STORIES OF GOD'S MIGHTY DEEDS.

I wish that I could speak with the fire of some of those men whose names I have mentioned. Pray for me, that the Spirit of God may rest upon me; that I may plead with you for a little time with all my might—seeking to exhort and stir you up—that you may get a like revival in your midst! My dear Friends, the first effect which the reading of the history of God's mighty works should have upon us, is that of gratitude and praise. Have we nothing to sing about today? Then let us sing concerning days of yore! If we cannot sing to our Well-Beloved, a song concerning what He is doing in our midst, let us, nevertheless, take down our harps from the willows and sing an *old* song and bless and praise His holy name for the things which He did to His ancient Church; for the wonders which He worked in Egypt and in all the lands wherein He led His people and from which He brought them out with a high hand and with an outstretched arm! When we have thus begun to praise God for what He has done, I think I may venture to impress upon you one other great duty. Let what God has done suggest to you the prayer that He would repeat the like signs and wonders among us. Oh, Brothers and Sisters, what would this heart feel if I could but believe that there were some among you who would go home and pray for a revival of religion—men whose faith is large enough and love fiery enough to lead them from this moment to exercise unceasing intercessions that God would appear among us and do wondrous things here, as in the times of former generations?

Why, look here in this present assembly—what objects there are for our compassion! Glancing round, I observe one and another whose history I may happen to know; but how many are there still unconverted—men and women who trembled and who know they have—but have shaken off their fears and once more are daring their destiny! They are determined to be suicides to their own souls and to put away from them that Grace which once seemed as if it were striving in their hearts! They are turning away from the gates of Heaven and running post-haste to the doors of Hell! And will you not stretch out your hands to God to stop them in this desperate resolve? If in this congregation there were but *one* unconverted man and I could point him out and say—"There he sits, one soul that has never felt the love of God and never has been moved to repentance"—with what anxious curiosity would every eye regard him? I think out of thousands of Christians here, there is not one who would refuse to go home and pray for that solitary unconverted individual. But, oh, my Brothers and Sisters, it is not *one* that is in danger of Hell fire—here are *hundreds* and *thousands* of our fellow creatures!

Shall I give you yet another reason why you should pray? Up to now all other means have been used without effect. God is my witness how often I have strived in this pulpit to be the means of the conversion of men. I have preached my very heart out! I could say no more than I have said and I hope the secrecy of my chamber is a witness to the fact that I do not cease to feel when I cease to speak! I have a heart to pray for those of you who are never affected, or who, if affected, still quench the Spirit of God. I have done my utmost. Will not you come to the help of the Lord against the lost? Will not your prayers accomplish that which my preaching fails to do? Here they are! I commend them to you—men and women whose hearts refuse to melt—whose stubborn knees will not bend! I give them up to you and ask you to pray for them. Carry their cases on your knees before God. Wife! Never cease to pray for your unconverted husband. Husband! Never stop your supplication till you see your wife converted. And, O fathers and mothers! Have you no unconverted children? Have you not brought them here many and many a Sunday and they remain just as they have been? You have sent them first to one Chapel and then to another and they are just what they were! The wrath of God abides on them. Die they must; and should they die now, to a certainty you are aware that the flames of Hell must engulf them! And do you refuse to pray for them? Hard hearts, brutish souls—knowing Christ yourself—you still will not pray for those who come of your own loins—your own children according to the flesh?

Dear Friends, we do not know what God may do for us if we but pray for a blessing. Look at the movement we have already seen. We have witnessed Exeter Hall, St. Paul's Cathedral and Westminster Abbey, crammed to the doors—but

we have seen no effect as yet of all these mighty gatherings! Have we not tried to preach without trying to pray? Is it not likely that the Church has been putting forth its preaching hand but not its *praying* hand? O dear Friends! Let us agonize in prayer and it shall come to pass that this Music Hall shall witness the sighs and groans of the penitent and the songs of the converted! It shall yet happen that this vast host shall not come and go as it now does—men shall go out of this hall, praising God and saying—"It was good to be there. It was none other than the House of God and the very gate of Heaven." Thus much to stir you up to prayer!

Another inference we should draw is that all the stories we have heard should correct any self-dependence which may have crept into our treacherous hearts. Perhaps we as a congregation have begun to depend upon our numbers and so forth. We may have thought—"Surely God must bless us through the ministry." Now let the stories which our fathers have told us remind you and remind me that God saves not by many nor by few; that it is not in *us to do this* but *God must do it all*. It may be that some hidden preacher, whose name has never been known, will yet start up in this city of London and preach the Lord with greater power than bishops or ministers have ever know before! I will welcome him—God be with him! Let him come from where he may—only let God speed him and let the work be done! Perhaps, however, God intends to bless the agency used in this place for your good and for your conversion. If so, I am thrice happy to think such should be the case. But place no dependence upon the *instrument*. No, when men laughed at us and mocked us most, God blessed us most. And now it is not a disreputable thing to attend the Music Hall. We are not so much despised as we once were; but I question whether we have as great a blessing as we once had. We would be willing to endure another pelting in the pillory; to go through another ordeal with every newspaper against us and with every man hissing and abusing us, if God so pleases, if He will but give us a blessing! Only let Him cast out of us any idea that our *own* bow and sword will get us victory! We shall never get a revival here unless we believe that it is the Lord and the Lord, alone, who can do it!

Having made this statement, I will endeavor to stir you up with confidence that the result may be obtained that I have pictured, and that the stories we have heard of the olden times, may become true in our day. Why should not each of my Hearers be converted? Is there any limitation in the Spirit of God? Why should not the feeblest minister become the means of salvation to thousands? Are God's arms shortened? My Brothers and Sisters, when I bid you pray that God would make the ministry quick and powerful, like a two-edged sword, for the salvation of sinners, I am not setting you a hard, much less an impossible task! We have but to ask and to get! Before we call, God will answer! And while we are yet speaking, He will hear! God alone can know what may come of this morning's sermon, if He chooses to bless it. From this moment you may pray more. From this moment God may bless the ministry more. From this hour other pulpits may become more full of life and vigor than before. From this same moment the Word of God may flow and run and rush and get to itself an amazing and boundless victory! Only wrestle in prayer—meet together in your houses; go to your closets, be instant; be earnest in season and out of season—agonize for souls and all that you have heard shall be forgotten in what you shall see! And all that others have told you shall be as nothing compared with what you shall hear with your ears and behold with your eyes in your own midst! Oh you to whom all this is as an idle tale, who love not God, neither serve Him, I beseech you stop and think for a moment! Oh, Spirit of God, rest on Your servant while a few sentences are uttered and make them mighty! God has strived with some of you; you have had your times of conviction. You are trying now, perhaps, to be infidels. You are trying to say now—"There is no Hell—there is no hereafter." It will not do! You know there is a Hell and all the laughter of those who seek to ruin your souls cannot make you believe that there is not! You sometimes try to think so, but you know that God is true. I do not argue with you now. Conscience tells you that God will punish you for sin. Depend upon it—you will find no happiness in trying to stifle God's Spirit! This is not the path to bliss—to quench those thoughts which would lead you to Christ!

I beseech you, take your hands off of God's arm—resist not His Spirit. Bow the knee and lay hold of Christ and believe on Him. It will come to this yet—God the Holy Spirit will have you! I do trust that in answer to many prayers He intends to save you. Give way now, but oh, remember, if you are successful in quenching the Spirit, your success will be the most awful disaster that can ever occur to you—for if the Spirit forsakes you—you are lost! It may be that this is the last warning you will ever have. The conviction you are now trying to put down and stifle may be the last you will have and the angel standing with the black seal and the wax may be now about to drop it upon your destiny and say, "Let him alone. He chooses drunkenness—he chooses lust—let him have them. And let him reap the wages in the everlasting fires

of Hell." Sinners, believe on the Lord Jesus—repent and be converted, every one of you! I am bold to say what Peter did. Breaking through every bond of every kind that could bind my lips, I exhort you in God's name—Repent and escape from damnation! A few more months and years and you shall know what damnation means, unless you repent. Oh, fly to Christ while yet the lamp holds out and burns and mercy is still preached to you. Grace is still presented—accept Christ—resist Him no longer! Come to Him now! The gates of mercy are wide open today! Come now, poor Sinner, and have your sins forgiven!

When the old Romans used to attack a city, it was sometimes their custom to set up at the gate a white flag and if the garrison surrendered while that white flag was there, their lives were spared. After that the black flag was put up and then every man was put to the sword. The white flag is up today—perhaps tomorrow the black flag will be elevated upon the pole of the Law. And then there is no repentance or salvation either in this world or in that which is to come! An old Eastern conqueror, when he came to a city, used to light a brass pot of coals and, setting it high upon a pole, he would, with sound of trumpet, proclaim that if they surrendered while the lamp held out and burned, he would have mercy upon them—but that when the coals were out, he would storm the city, pull it stone from stone, sow it with salt—and put men, women and children to a bloody death! Today the thunders of God bid you to take the same warning! There is your light, the lamp, the brass pot of hot coals. Year after year the fire is dying out, nevertheless there is coal left. Even now the wind of Death is trying to blow out the last live coal! Oh, Sinner, turn while the lamp continues to blaze! Turn now, for when the last coal is dead, your repentance cannot help you! Your everlasting yelling in torment will not move the heart of God. Your groans and briny tears will not move Him to pity you. Today, if you will hear His voice, harden not your hearts as in the provocation. Oh, today lay hold on Christ! "Kiss the Son, lest He be angry and you perish from the way, when His wrath is kindled but a little. Blessed are all they who put their trust in Him."

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